

ASI Essential Curriculum Adopted Spring 2018

SS.AS1.10 Road to Independence 1750 – 1783

SS.AS1.10.01 Analyze how geographic characteristics influenced the location and development of regions in North America.

SS.AS1.10.01.a Map Skills – master the identification of types of maps, parts of maps and map usage through maps of North America and the world during this time period.

SS.AS1.10.01.a1 Distinguish between political, economic, historical, and physical maps.

SS.AS1.10.01.a2 Demonstrate the ability to use cardinal directions, map keys/legends, and map scale to illustrate the original 13 colonies.

SS.AS1.10.01.b Describe the physical geography of North America and identify the common characteristics of geographic regions.

SS.AS1.10.01.c Compare the New England, Middle, and Southern regions geographically, economically, politically, religiously, ethnically, culturally, and socially.

SS.AS1.10.02 Evaluate types of economic systems.

SS.AS1.10.02.a Evaluate the impact of mercantilism on the political and economic relationships between North America and European nations.

SS.AS1.10.03 Analyze the causes and consequences of the French and Indian War among and between Native Americans and European colonies.

SS.AS1.10.03.a Explain the sources of conflict between the Native Americans, European powers and Americans migrating west of the Appalachian mountains

SS.AS1.10.03.b Assess how the French and Indian War impacted Native American alliances, British colonial policies, political boundaries, and American colonists.

SS.AS1.10.03.b1 Evaluate the impact of Pontiac's Rebellion and taxation on the colonies.

SS.AS1.10.03.b2 Use a map to illustrate changes in political boundaries in North America following the French and Indian War.

SS.AS1.10.04 Evaluate the significance of the end of salutary neglect as a turning point in American History.

SS.AS1.10.04.a Analyze the effect of British policies on the American colonies.

SS.AS1.10.04.a1 Assess the impact of the Sugar Act, Townshend Acts and Intolerable Acts on increasing tensions between Britain and the colonies.

SS.AS1.10.04.b Evaluate the effectiveness of colonial protests to British colonial policies

SS.AS1.10.04.b1 Assess the impact of boycotts (Homespun Movement), Organizations (Sons and Daughters of Liberty), protest (Boston Tea Party) on the British/colonial relationship.

SS.AS1.10.05 Analyze the impact of historic documents and practices that became the foundations of the American political system during the early national period.

SS.AS1.10.05.a Identify the origin and impact of the principles expressed in the Declaration of Independence.

SS.AS1.10.05.a1 Assess the impact of Natural Rights and Social Contract Theory, consent of the governed, rights of people to alter or abolish government on the development of the Declaration of Independence.

SS.AS1.10.06 Evaluate the relative importance of key factors that led to an American victory in the Revolutionary War.

SS.AS1.10.06.a Analyze the strengths and weaknesses of the Americans and British during the American Revolution.

SS.AS1.10.06.b Analyze the domestic, military, and diplomatic factors that led to the defeat of the British.

- SS.AS1.10.06.b1 Assess the impact of George Washington's leadership, French intervention and geographic knowledge of the land impacted the outcome of the American Revolution.
- SS.AS1.10.06.c Assess how free and enslaved African-Americans, women, and Native Americans contributed to and were impacted by the American Revolution.
 - SS.ASI.10.06.c1 Identify how the breakdown of the native confederacy, manumission and treatment of Loyalists contributed to and were impacted by the American Revolution.
- SS.AS1.10.06.d Analyze the effects of the Treaty of Paris of 1783.
 - SS.AS1.10.06.d1 Use maps to compare political boundaries in North America before and after the Treaties of Paris of 1763 and 1783.

SS.AS1.20 Confederation to Constitution

- SS.AS1.20.01 Evaluate the historical significance of the Articles of Confederation.
 - SS.AS1.20.01.a Analyze the impact of British rule on the formation of a republic in the United States.
 - SS.AS1.20.01.b Explain the structure and the powers of the Articles of Confederation.
 - SS.AS1.20.01.b1 Analyze the success and failures of the Articles of Confederation.
 - SS.AS1.20.01.b1.a Identify the importance of the Northwest Ordinance, rise of sectionalism and Shays Rebellion to the success or failure of the Articles of Confederation.
- SS.AS1.20.02 Evaluate the reasons for the development of the United States Constitution.
 - SS.AS1.20.02.a Describe the purpose of the Constitutional Convention.
 - SS.AS1.20.02.b Analyze how the New Jersey and Virginia Plans, and the Great Compromise addressed regional interests and differences.
 - SS.AS1.20.02.c Assess the creation of a bicameral structure of Congress and compromises over representation on the success of the Constitutional Convention.
 - SS.AS1.20.02.d Describe the sectional debate over slavery and how the Constitution addressed slavery and freedom through the 3/5ths Compromise, Fugitive Slave Law and slave importation.
- SS.AS1.20.03 Evaluate the impact of the Constitution on the structure of the United States government.
 - SS.AS1.20.03.a Identify the six goals of the Constitution as stated in the Preamble.
 - SS.AS1.20.03.b Explain how the Constitution embeds key principles of checks and balances, separation of powers, federalism, popular sovereignty, individual rights and limited government.
 - SS.AS1.20.03.c Identify the powers given and denied to each branch of government.
 - SS.AS1.20.03.c1 List the names, qualifications and functions of government officials in each branch.
 - SS.AS1.20.03.d Explain the purpose and process of amending the Constitution.
 - SS.AS1.20.03.e Describe how a bill becomes a law.
 - SS.AS1.20.03.f Describe the purpose of the Electoral College.
- SS.AS1.20.04 Analyze how the Bill of Rights resolved the issues over the ratification of the Constitution.
 - SS.AS1.20.04.a Analyze the Federalist and Anti-Federalist arguments for and against the ratification of the Constitution.
 - SS.AS1.20.04.b Evaluate the impact of the Bill of Rights on the ratification of the Constitution.
 - SS.ASI.20.04.c Assess the impact of the Bill of Rights on limiting the power of government.
 - SS.AS1.20.04.d Explain the rights of individuals expressed in the Bill of Rights and analyze how The Bill of Rights protects American citizens.

SS.AS1.30 The New Republic

SS.AS1.30.01 Evaluate the short and long-term impact of government decisions made during the early administrations.

SS.AS1.30.01a Analyze the development of foreign, domestic, and economic policy during the Washington Administration

SS.AS1.30.01.a1 Trace the effects of the Jay's Treaty, Pinckney's Treaty, and the French Revolution on American foreign policy.

SS.AS1.30.01.a2 Explain Hamilton's financial plan and its political outcome, including loose and strict interpretation of the Constitution.

SS.AS1.30.01.a3 Explain the causes and outcomes of the Whiskey Rebellion.

SS.AS1.30.01.a4 Describe the precedents established by the Washington Administration and Washington's vision for the country as espoused in his farewell address.

SS.AS1.30.01.b Analyze the development of foreign, domestic, and economic policy during the Adams Administration.

SS.AS1.30.01.b1 Evaluate the impact of the Federalist and Democratic-Republican parties on foreign and domestic policy.

SS.AS1.30.01.b2 Explain flaws in the Constitution that were evident in the election of 1796.

SS.AS1.30.01.b3 Describe the constitutional debate surrounding the Alien and Sedition Acts, and identify their effects on individuals.

SS.AS1.30.01.b4 Explain the significance of the Virginia and Kentucky Resolutions

SS.AS1.30.01.c Analyze the development of foreign, domestic, and economic policy during the Jefferson Administration.

SS.AS1.30.01.c1 Explain the problem with the election of 1800 and the Constitutional solution.

SS.AS1.30.01.c2 Explain the impact of the Marbury v. Madison case and the principle of judicial review on the power of the Supreme Court

SS.AS1.30.01.c3 Describe Jefferson's rationale for the Louisiana Purchase and his vision for the United States.

SS.AS1.30.01.d Describe the threat to America by the Barbary States and how Jefferson resolved it.

SS.AS1.30.01.e Evaluate the historical significance of the Louisiana Purchase on the United States.

SS.AS1.30.01.e1 Analyze the diplomatic and constitutional challenges involved in the Louisiana Purchase.

SS.AS1.30.01.e2 Identify the political and economic impact of the Louisiana Purchase and its impact on the United States relations with native populations.

SS.AS1.30.01.e3 Explain the purpose and outcome of the Lewis and Clark Expedition.

SS.AS1.30.01.e4 Use a map to illustrate the changes in American land claims after the Louisiana Purchase.

SS.AS1.30.02 Analyze the formation of a national identity under the Madison Administration.

SS.AS1.30.02.a Analyze the development of foreign, domestic, and economic policy during the Madison Administration.

SS.AS1.30.02.a1 Identify the domestic and foreign causes of the War of 1812

SS.AS1.30.02.a2 Explain the political, geographic, and military factors that led to the end of the War of 1812

SS.AS1.30.02.a3 Analyze how the War of 1812 impacted native tribes, American political parties and American nationalism.

SS.AS1.30.03 Analyze the emerging foreign policy of the United States.

SS.AS1.30.03.a Analyze how the decline of the Federalist party contributed to political unity

SS.AS1.30.03.b Evaluate the effectiveness of the Missouri Compromise in resolving the influence

of slavery on politics and sectionalism.

SS.AS1.30.03.c Evaluate the impact of Henry Clay's American System on the economy and infrastructure of the United States.

SS.AS1.30.03.d Describe the foreign policy of the Monroe Administration and evaluate the impact of the Monroe Doctrine.

SS.AS1.30.03.e Describe the impact of the Supreme Court of John Marshall on national power and economic growth in the decisions of *McCulloch v. Maryland* and *Gibbons v. Ogden*.

SS.AS1.40. Manifest Destiny

SS.AS1.40.01 Evaluate the political, economic, and social impact of Jacksonian Democracy.

SS.AS1.40.01.a Describe the course and outcome of the elections of 1824 and 1828 and its effects on American politics.

SS.AS1.40.01.b Explain the impact of President Andrew Jackson's presidency on sectional politics, democracy, electoral processes and the economy.

SS.AS1.40.01.b1 Evaluate Jacksonian Democracy and the expansion of presidential power under Andrew Jackson.

SS.AS1.40.02 Describe the effects of Jackson's actions toward the banking system prior to the Panic of 1837

SS.AS1.40.02.a Describe the rise of the Whig party and list the issues of the election of 1840.

SS.AS1.40.03 Analyze the policies of the United States government toward Native Americans.

SS.AS1.40.03.a Contrast the Native and American arguments surrounding the issue of Native American rights and land ownership.

SS.AS1.40.03.b Analyze the impact of westward movement on relations with Native Americans.

SS.AS1.40.03.b1 Evaluate the impact of the Indian Removal Act, *Worcester v. Georgia* (1832) and the Trail of Tears on government relations with Native Americans.

SS.AS1.40.03.b2 Describe the Trail of Tears and its impact on Native Americans.

SS.AS1.40.03.c Use maps to illustrate changes in Native American and U.S. land claims during Jackson's Presidency.

SS.AS1.40.04 Analyze the influence of industrialization and technological developments on society in the United States before 1877.

SS.AS1.40.04.a Assess the impact of technological developments in communication, farming, industry, and transportation.

SS.AS1.40.04.b Evaluate the growth of the factory system and its impact on labor, women, and migration.

SS.AS1.40.05 Analyze patterns of immigration and demographic changes to society during the antebellum period.

SS.AS1.40.05.a Identify the push and pull factors responsible for immigration prior to the Civil War.

SS.AS1.40.05.b Describe the effects of the influx of immigrants to the United States prior to the Civil War.

SS.AS1.40.06 Evaluate the political, social and economic impact of westward expansion on individuals and groups.

SS.AS1.40.06.a Assess multiple perspectives on Manifest Destiny and its impact on territorial possession.

SS.AS1.40.06.b Explain the causes and effects of the rapid settlement of California, Oregon and Texas.

SS.AS1.40.06.c Use maps to identify changes in North American political boundaries between 1803 and 1853.

SS.AS1.40.06.d Identify sources of conflict between Texans and the Mexican government

SS.AS1.40.06.e Summarize the effect of the creation of the Republic of Texas and annexation to the Union.

SS.AS1.40.06.f Analyze the causes, course and consequences of the Mexican American War

SS.AS1.40.06.g Use a map to illustrate changes in political boundaries in North America following the Mexican American War

SS.AS1.40.07 Evaluate the social, political, and economic consequences of the California Gold Rush.

SS.AS1.40.07.a Describe the economic motivations and consequences of the California Gold Rush.

SS.AS1.40.07.b Describe the experiences of Americans, immigrants, Natives, women, and Mexicans in the California Gold Rush.

SS.AS1.40.07.c Analyze the historical ramifications of California achieving statehood.

SS.AS1.40.08 Assess the impact of the Compromise of 1850/Fugitive Slave Act on the balance of slave and free states.

SS.AS1.50 Causes of the Civil War

SS.AS1.50.01 Analyze the institution of slavery and its influence on the United States

SS.AS1.50.01.a Explain how the cotton gin and the opening of new lands in the South and West impacted the institution of slavery and the plantation system.

SS.AS1.50.01.b Contrast the various ways in which enslaved African Americans and free blacks resisted enslavement, oppression and institutionalized racism.

SS.AS1.50.01.b1 Explain the impact of slave revolts such as Nat Turner's Rebellion

SS.AS1.50.01.b2 Analyze the experiences of African-Americans including Frederick Douglass, Harriet Tubman, Sojourner Truth and the creation and use of the Underground Railroad.

SS.AS1.50.01.c Analyze the variety of conditions that defined life for those enslaved.

SS.AS1.50.02 Analyze the impact of antebellum reform movements on American politics and society.

SS.AS1.50.02.a Evaluate the political, economic and social factors that motivated people to change society before the Civil War.

SS.AS1.50.02.b Evaluate the impact of social reform movements on temperance, prison and educational reform.

SS.AS1.50.02.c Trace the evolution, arguments, and impacts of the antebellum women's movement.

SS.AS1.50.02.c1 Evaluate the impact of the Declaration of Rights and Sentiments and the work of Elizabeth Cady Stanton on the antebellum women's movement.

SS.AS1.50.02.d Evaluate the methods, arguments, and impacts of the abolitionist movement.

SS.AS1.50.02.d1 Analyze the use of moral suasion, literature and propaganda on the abolitionist movement.

SS.AS1.50.03 Analyze events that escalated the tensions between the North and South, and led to secession of Southern states.

SS.AS1.50.03.a Describe how differences between the agrarian South and the industrial North heightened sectional tensions.

SS.AS1.50.03.b Evaluate the impact of territorial expansion the Supreme Court and individual action on sectional polarization.

SS.AS1.50.03.b1 Evaluate the impact of the Kansas-Nebraska Act, popular sovereignty, Dred Scott v. Sandford (1857) and John Brown on rising sectional tensions.

SS.AS1.50.03.c Explain the causes for the creation of the Republican Party and the issues on which they created a platform.

SS.AS1.50.03.d Describe the stances of the political parties in the election of 1860.

SS.AS1.50.03.e Assess the impact of Abraham Lincoln, the Republican Party and the election of 1860 on the secession of the southern states.

SS.AS1.50.03.f Explain the causes of the Civil War and evaluate the importance of slavery as a central cause of the conflict.

SS.AS1.50.03.g Use a map to illustrate changes in the political boundaries of the U.S. following Southern secession.

SS.AS1.60 Civil War and Reconstruction

SS.AS1.60.01 Analyze factors affecting the outcome of the Civil War.

SS.AS1.60.01.a Compare and contrast the goals, resources, military technology and strategies of the Union and Confederacy at the beginning of the war.

SS.AS1.60.01.b Identify and explain the impact and significance of key events & figures of the Civil War.

SS.AS1.60.01.b1 Evaluate the effect of the Emancipation Proclamation on the outcome of the war.

SS.AS1.60.01.c Evaluate how Union and Confederate political, military, and diplomatic leadership affected the outcome of the conflict.

SS.AS1.60.01.d Identify on a map: Fort Sumter, First Bull Run (Manassas), Gettysburg, Vicksburg, Monocacy, Sherman's March to the Sea, and Appomattox Court House

SS.AS1.60.02 Evaluate how the United States government protected or failed to protect the rights of individuals and groups during the Civil War.

SS.AS1.60.02.a Evaluate the military and historic significance of the Emancipation Proclamation.

SS.AS1.60.02.b Evaluate the experiences and impact of African American soldiers during the Civil War.

SS.AS1.60.02.c Evaluate the efficacy and constitutionality of Lincoln's decision to suspend the Writ of Habeas Corpus.

SS.AS1.60.02.c1 Evaluate the federal case of Ex Parte Merryman (1861) on civil liberties.

SS.AS1.60.03 Analyze how the Civil War transformed multiple aspects of society.

SS.AS1.60.03.a Describe economic opportunities and obstacles faced by soldiers, civilians, free and enslaved populations during the Civil War.

SS.AS1.60.03.a1 Identify how inflation, taxation, scarcity and increase in industry affected civilians in the North and South

SS.AS1.60.03.b Explain how the Civil War caused technological change and medical advancements in America.

SS.AS1.60.03.c Describe the experiences of Union and Confederate soldiers during the Civil War, including life in the army, draft riots, prison camps, and army hospitals.

SS.AS1.60.04 Analyze the political, economic, and social goals of Reconstruction.

SS.AS1.60.04.a Compare and contrast the goals and policies of the Reconstruction plans of Lincoln, Johnson, and Radical Republicans.

SS.AS1.60.04.a1 Assess the role of the Congress, President Andrew Johnson, and his impeachment on the progress and outcome of Reconstruction.

SS.AS1.60.04.b Assess the factors that influenced the end of Reconstruction

SS.AS1.60.05 Explain how the United States government protected or failed to protect the rights of individuals and groups during the Reconstruction period.

SS.AS1.60.05.a Evaluate the political, social, and economic effects of Reconstruction

SS.AS1.60.05.b Identify the legal and illegal actions used to deny political, social, and economic freedoms to African Americans, including Black Codes, Ku Klux Klan, and sharecropping.

SS.AS1.60.05.b1 Assess the impact of Jim Crow Laws, convict labor lease system, grandfather clause, literacy tests, poll taxes on the rights of individuals in society.

SS.AS1.60.05.c Examine the ways in which African American communities fought to protect and expand their rights, through the role of the church, education, and voting

SS.AS1.60.05.d Evaluate the impact of the Supreme Court, debt peonage, Jim Crow Laws, and disenfranchisement on the enforceability of the 13th, 14th, and 15th Amendments.

SS.AS1.60.05.d1 Evaluate the importance of the Supreme Court case Plessy v. Ferguson (1896).

SS.AS1.60.05.e Assess the factors that influenced the end of Reconstruction.

SS.AS1.60.05.e1 Analyze the impact of the Election of 1876/Bargain of 1877 on the end of Reconstruction

SS.AS1.60.06 Analyze the causes and consequences of westward expansion.

SS.AS1.60.06.a Describe the impact of geography and technology on the settlement of the west, such as mining, ranching, lumbering and farming and the environmental consequences.

SS.AS1.60.06.b Evaluate the impact of westward expansion on Native Americans and their responses to the destruction of the buffalo, military conflicts, and the Dawes Act (1887).

SS.AS1.60.06.c Analyze the factors of westward expansion, including the rise of industrialization, development of a national market, concept of Manifest Destiny, perceptions of overcrowding, opportunities to acquire land, and the discovery of gold and silver.

SS.AS1.60.06.d Evaluate the impact of government actions on migration patterns, such as the Homestead Act of 1862, state land grant acts, and the development of the Transcontinental Railroad.

SS.AS1.60.06.e Describe the experiences of historically marginalized groups in the west, such as extended rights for African Americans, the mistreatment of Chinese and Irish immigrants, and the extension of political and legal rights to women.

SS.AS1.70 Industrialization

SS.AS1.70.01 Analyze the causes and consequences of Industrialization in early modern America through the turn of the century (1900).

SS.AS1.70.01.a Examine the social, political and economic changes that resulted from industrialization.

SS.AS1.70.01.a1 Evaluate the impact of improved use of resources, advancements in technology, transportation, communication networks, availability of labor and capital on the industrialization of the United States.

SS.AS1.70.01.b Trace the rise of big business and business leaders and their impact on the United States economy.

SS.AS1.70.01.b1 Describe the evolution of laissez-faire capitalism and its impact on the rise of trusts, holding companies and monopolies.

SS.AS1.70.01.b2 Evaluate government reaction to the rise of big business and industrialization.

SS.AS1.70.01.b3 Trace the rise of labor movements and their impact on society.

SS.AS1.70.01.b4 Examine responses to social problems created by industrial growth.

SS.AS1.70.02 Evaluate the impact of industrialization on individuals and groups at different scales: locally, regionally, nationally, and internationally.

SS.AS1.70.02a Compare regions based on level of industrialization, settlement patterns and quality of life.